

Information Systems for Nutrition in SUN Countries

Nepal Report Scoring Details

Component & Indicators	Scoring	Comments	Source
1. Government Commitment & Enabling Environment			
1.1 Policy & Planning Documents			
1.1.1 Existence of CRF (including draft documents)	1		
1.1.2 Existence of an agreed M&E framework	1	M&E Indicators included with the Multi-sector nutrition Plan 2013-2017	National nutrition Multi-Sectoral Action Plan .pdf
1.1.3 Budgeting for nutrition			
1.1.3.1 Performed the budget exercise once	1		
1.1.3.2 Repeated the budget exercise for a second time	1		
1.1.3.3 Shows trends (more than one data point)	1		
1.1.3.4 Shows funding sources	1		
1.1.3.5 Shows actual expenditures	1		
1.1.3.6 identified nutrition specific allocations	1		
1.1.3.7 Includes ≥ 3 sectors	1		
1.2 Tracking Global Nutrition Targets			
1.2.1 WHA targets			
Stunting in children under five	1	% prevalence of stunting among children under 5 years	National nutrition Multi-Sectoral Action Plan .pdf
Acute Malnutrition in children under 5	1	% prevalence of wasting among children under 5 years	National nutrition Multi-Sectoral Action Plan .pdf
Overweight in Children	0	No indicator	
Birth weight in newborns	1	% of babies born with low birth weight	National nutrition Multi-Sectoral Action Plan .pdf
Breastfeeding in children under six months	1	% of infants initiated with breastfeeding within the first hour and exclusively breastfed for six months	National nutrition Multi-Sectoral Action Plan .pdf
Maternal Anemia	1	% prevalence of anemia among women (adolescents and reproductive age)	National nutrition Multi-Sectoral Action Plan .pdf
1.2.2 NCD nutrition-related targets			
Overweight/Obesity in adults	0	No indicator	
Diabetes	0	No indicator	
Salt Intake	0	No indicator	National nutrition Multi-Sectoral Action Plan .pdf
1.3 Institutionalization & coordination			
1.3.1 Government ministry/department designated for coordination	0	Nothing found underneath government website/ministries; nutrition page was not yet populated	
1.3.2 Central repository for information and reports	0	None	
1.3.3 Publically accessible information	0	No	
1.3.4 Stakeholder Mapping	1	1. REACH stakeholder mapping (2014-2015): multi-stakeholder (government, civil society, UN, donors) mapping of priority actions, including analysis of geographic and beneficiary coverage at the national level. 2. SUN Civil Society Network	UN Network
1.3.4.1. Done by SUN Civil Society Network	1		

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1.3.4.2. Done by SUN Business Network	0		
1.3.4.3. Done by UNNetwork	1		
1.3.4.3.1 REACH Mapping	1		
1.3.4.3.2 UN Inventory	0		
1.3.4.3.3 Stakeholder and Action Mapping	0		
2. National Assessment Data			
2.1 National health & demographic surveys			
2.1.1 Demographic Health Survey (USAID)	1	Completed in 2016	DHS Program
2.1.2 Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (UNICEF)	1	Completed 2014	UNICEF
2.1.3 National SMART Surveys	0		
2.2 Micronutrient/Fortification Survey	1	Data coming for survey on serum iron and plasma zinc	http://www.izincg.org/countries-serum-zinc-data/
2.3 Household Consumption & Expenditure Surveys	1	Nepal Living Standards Survey (NLSS) completed 2010-2011	World Bank
2.4 Food security and vulnerability assessment (eg. WFP mobile Vulnerability Analysis and Mapping, CFSVA, CFSS, FSVA)	1	Completed in 2015	WFP
3. National Performance Monitoring Data			
3.1 Nutrition specific program performance monitoring			
3.1.1 Micronutrient supplementation during pregnancy	1	% women receiving more than 180 iron folic acid tablets during pregnancy and post-partum (Female Community Health Volunteers Registry)	National nutrition Multi-Sectoral Action Plan .pdf
3.1.2 Food supplementation during pregnancy	0	No indicator	
3.1.3 Breastfeeding promotion			
3.1.3.1 Facility-based (HMIS)	1	Breastfeeding counseling in ANC - monitored in HMIS	Nutridash 2015 (Unicef)
3.1.3.2 Community level	1	Breastfeeding counseling in ANC - monitored at community level	Nutridash 2015 (Unicef)
3.1.4 IYCF counseling			
3.1.4.1 Facility-based (HMIS)	1	IYCF counseling for mothers of children 0-23 months - monitored in HMIS	Nutridash 2015 (Unicef)
3.1.4.2 Community level	1	IYCF counseling for mothers of children 0-23 months - monitored at community level	Nutridash 2015 (Unicef)
3.1.5 Vit A supplement children under 5			
3.1.5.1 Facility-based (HMIS)	1	% children 6-59 months receiving vitamin A capsule semi-annually (DOHS annual reports)	National nutrition Multi-Sectoral Action Plan .pdf
3.1.5.2 Campaign/Health Weeks	1		
3.1.6 Detection & management of acute malnutrition children under 5			
3.1.6.1 Detection/surveillance of acute malnutrition	0	While CMAM appears to be heavily used in Nepal, no evidence of a surveillance system in place	
3.1.6.2 Facility-based management of acute malnutrition (coverage)	1	% of children with severe acute malnutrition treated, including with Ready to Use Therapeutic Food (RUTF) as per national guidelines (CHD Programme Reports)	National nutrition Multi-Sectoral Action Plan .pdf
3.1.6.3 CMAM coverage (Coverage Monitoring Network)	1	Coverage monitoring survey completed by NGOs	http://www.coverage-monitoring.org/
3.1.7 Fortification of staple foods	1	% of roller-mills fortifying cereal flour as per national standard % of household consuming fortified flour (Department of Food Technology Quality Control Monitoring report)	National nutrition Multi-Sectoral Action Plan .pdf

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3.1.7.1 Monitoring system to track USI program activities	1	At national level only	Nutridash 2015 (Unicef)
3.2 Sectoral platforms relevant to nutrition			
3.2.1 Health, HMIS	1	Vitamin A coverage, IFA coverage, iodised salt coverage, anemia prevention, birth-spacing, exclusive breastfeeding, deworming,	National nutrition Multi-Sectoral Action Plan .pdf
3.2.2 Agriculture & Food system sector	1		
3.2.2.1 Early Warning system	1	Hospital-based sentinel surveillance system through Nepal Food Security Monitoring System (http://neksap.org.np/assessments-and-report)	Nepal NIPN_Brief 9-8-15.docx
3.2.2.2 Food markets	1	Nepal Food Security Monitoring System - produces Market Watch publication on monthly basis tracking retail prices of food commodities	http://neksap.org.np/market-watch
3.2.3 Education sector	1	A well-established EMIS exists that produces primarily quantitative data based on schools' administrative records. % of teachers/resource person and child club members trained on life skills-based nutrition interventions % of adolescent girls received school meals % of schools with kitchen gardens (Resource centre reports)	Nepal project documents submitted to World Bank National nutrition Multi-Sectoral Action Plan .pdf
3.2.4 Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) sector	1	% of mothers who wash hands with soap before preparing complementary foods % of population using improve sanitation; % of population with safe water supply % of households/school/institutions with soap and water available for hand washing % of KAP on use of toilet among mothers and girls % of households treating water with at least one method of treatment (surveys, Monitoring reports)	National nutrition Multi-Sectoral Action Plan .pdf
3.2.4.1 Data for public health priority setting to reduce WASH related disease	0.7		WHO (2014) UN-Water Global Analysis and Assessment of Sanitation and Drinking-Water (GLAAS) 2014 report. http://apps.who.int/iris/handle/10665/139735
3.2.4.2 Data for health sector response to WASH-related disease outbreaks	0.7		GLAAS 2014 country survey data
3.2.4.3 Sanitation data for policy & strategy decision-making	0.7		GLAAS 2014 country survey data
3.2.4.4 Sanitation data for resource allocation decision-making	0.7		GLAAS 2014 country survey data
3.2.4.5 Drinking water data for policy & strategy decision-making	0.7		GLAAS 2014 country survey data
3.2.4.6 Drinking water data for national standards decision-making	0.7		GLAAS 2014 country survey data
3.2.4.7 Drinking water data availability for resource allocation decision-making	0.7		GLAAS 2014 country survey data
3.2.5 Social Protection, including Safety Net Programs	1	Largest cash transfer program are universal with good coverage other programs have mixed performance weak monitoring on the ground, inadequate data and information systems	World Bank http://siteresources.worldbank.org/SAFETYNETSANDTRANSFERS/Resources/281945-1131468287118/BBL-SSN_Nepal_7-21-2011.pdf

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3.2.6 Early Childhood Development	1	<p>Policies include the ECD sections in the National Plan of Action 2011 and the School Sector Reform Plan. The Ministry of Education has identified a costed five-year plan for early childhood education and development in Nepal. Relevant administrative and survey data are collected to monitor ECD in Nepal. Data are collected at the national and local level in Nepal. This includes administrative data collected by government ministries as well as survey data (such as UNICEF MICS data). Data on enrollment levels in ECCE, usage of ECD health centers and coverage of ECD nutrition interventions are collected at least annually at the local level. The DoE has also recently developed a monitoring form to track a child in the four interrelated domains: physical, linguistic, cognitive, and socioeconomic progress.</p>	<p>SABER-Early Childhood Development Program Rating http://saber.worldbank.org/index.cfm?indx=8&pd=6&sub=1</p> <p>http://wbfiles.worldbank.org/documents/hdn/ed/saber/supporting_doc/CountryReports/ECD/SABER_ECD_Nepal_CR_Final_2013.pdf</p>