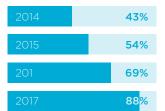


Institutional transformations in 2016-2017

2014	70%
2015	77%
2016	90 <mark>%</mark>
2017	97%

2014	62%
2015	74%
2016	71%
2017	79%





2017 total 87<mark>%</mark> weighted

Bringing people together into a shared space for action

In September 2016, Côte d'Ivoire launched the SUN Movement, establishing the organs of the National Council for Nutrition (including a decision-making committee, a technical committee, a focal point, and a permanent technical secretariat). A declaration of commitment to nutrition was signed by key ministers. The National Council for Nutrition's and networks meet regularly. Action plans are being made for NutriMedia and the academia network; whilst those for civil society and technical focal points are available. Ministers with responsibility for decentralisation, communication, the environment, and sustainable development are involved. Equity and WASH is being mainstreamed into plans and action through the involvement of relevant national agencies and offices.

Ensuring a coherent policy and legal framework

A public communication strategy is being produced. The regulatory and legislative framework has been reinforced with the adoption of decrees and laws (on the marketing of breast-milk substitutes and food fortification); others are in the

pipeline (on maternity leave, the regulation of the sale of sugary drinks to children around schools). In February 2017, Côte d'Ivoire contributed to the sub-regional policy on nutrition, a West African Health Organization initiative.

Aligning actions around a common results framework

Mainstreaming the 2016-2020 National Multi-Sectoral Plan for Nutrition (PNMN) into the 2016-2020 National Development Plan and the Public Investment Programme has facilitated a sense of ownership. Following an experience-sharing mission to Senegal, the PNMN decentralisation process commenced in priority regions in the north, with: the formalisation of the community approach; an organisational

Financing tracking and resource mobilisation

The national contribution covers 15 per cent of the global PNMN cost, whilst the UN and donors 85 has committed to 85 per cent. This was the subject of a donors' roundtable on resource mobilisation in September 2016. The budget lines were allocated for direct interventions and for governance. The mainstreaming of the PNMN into the National Development Plan and the Public Investment and institutional analysis of regional bodies and the establishment of committees; an action plan for the north, plus sub-prefectural plans. The process of establishing the national nutrition information platform (NPIN) is underway. The World Bank is contributing to indicators for the common results framework and strengthening the sectoral monitoring and evaluation mechanism.

Programme is facilitating financial tracking. The Action Plan for the North is costed at almost USD 18 million (10 billion francs CFA), with a little more than USD 3.5 million (2.3 billion francs CFA) funding gap. Advocacy is underway to mobilise both internal and external resources. The regional authorities have committed to financing the Plan.

2017-2018 PRIORITIES

- Create manuals for PNMN implementation and policy for handling conflict of interest;
- Establish and improve capacity of the parliamentarians' network;
- Operationalise laws and decrees;

- Establish a multi-sectoral monitoring and evaluation system;
- Adopt a resource mobilisation strategy to solidify intentions stated during the roundtable.