Guatemala

Joined Scaling Up Nutrition (SUN) Movement: December 2010

COUNTRY NUTRITION STATUS

- National multi-stakeholder platform (MSP)
  - Date established: 2005
  - MSP annual action plan exists
- Subnational nutrition coordination mechanism
- Subnational MSPs exist
- Subnational MSPs have annual action plans
- National nutrition plan
- Advocacy and communications framework/plan

SUN networks in-country presence
- SUN Civil Society Network
- SUN Business Network
- UN-Nutrition
- SUN Academia Network
- SUN Donor Network
- Others: e.g. youth, parliamentarian, media

Finance for nutrition
- Resource mobilization strategy exists
- Budget tracking exercise done this year
- Funding gaps identified this year
- Domestic expenditures on nutrition tracked

- Yes  In process  No  Costed  M&E framework

COUNTRY PRIORITIES 2023

Socialize the National Food and Nutrition Security Policy with sectors from the SUN Movement Multi-Stakeholder Platform; Implement a promotion plan to guarantee continuity of good practices to prevent malnutrition.

2022 SHARED COUNTRY GOOD PRACTICE

Topic: Bring stakeholders together
Title: Bring stakeholders together to update the National Food and Nutrition Security Policy
About: The National Food and Nutrition Security Policy was jointly updated and the systematization of the process is a good practice in the country led by the authorities responsible for the SESAN.

PROGRESS TOWARDS SUN 3.0 STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES (SO)

- **SO.1 Strengthen and sustain strong policy and advocacy environments**
  Updates to the National Food and Nutrition Security Policy started in 2021 by means of consultations with more than 4,000 stakeholders from different sectors in the country’s 22 departments, making it possible to have a tool based on a process of dialogue and consensus in order to promote change in the main factors causing food and nutrition insecurity in the country. The National Food and Nutrition Security Policy focuses on providing proposals for specific solutions and turning the aspirations of the public administrations and sectors represented in the National Food and Nutrition Security System into actions.

- **SO.2 Develop and align shared country priorities for action**
  The country’s common results framework is the Grand National Crusade for Nutrition (GCNN). All sectors of the Multi-Stakeholder Platform have joined this strategy and supported the achievement of its results, which are reflected in the GCNN baseline.

- **SO.3 Build and strengthen country capacity**
  The United Nations System and donors in the country have provided support to bolster institutional capacities related to monitoring and evaluation, gap analysis, and information systems, among other issues, so that public institutions can respond to the issue of malnutrition in the country.

- **SO.4 Ensure governance of SUN that promotes country leadership and responsibilities of government, aligns the resources of all SUN Movement stakeholders behind country priorities and strengthens 360 mutual accountability**
  The country has a Food and Nutrition Security (FNS) Governance strategy, which is reflected in departmental, municipal and community committees. Likewise, the National Council for Food and Nutrition Security has a space to present the material and financial progress of the institutions with budgets linked to FNS in order to foster transparency in accountability.