Honduras

Joined Scaling Up Nutrition (SUN) Movement: May 2019



ENGAGE • INSPIRE • INVEST

National Multi-Stakeholder Platform for Nutrition: National Council for Food and Nutrition Security - CONASAN (political entity) and Inter-Institutional Technical Committee for Food and Nutrition Security - COTISAN

Sun Government Focal Point/Country Coordinator: José Lino Pacheco Tinoco, Director of the Technical Unit for Food and Nutrition Safety (UTSAN), Secretariat of Agriculture and Livestock

COUNTRY NUTRITION STATUS

→ Annual country nutrition indicators from the Global Nutrition Report: https://globalnutritionreport.org/resources/nutrition-profiles/latinamerica-and-caribbean/central-america/honduras/

- National multi-stakeholder platform (MSP)
 Date established: 2019
- MSP annual action plan exists
- Subnational nutrition coordination mechanism
- Subnational MSPs exist
- Subnational MSPs have annual action plans

National nutrition plan

https://scalingupnutrition.org/resource-library/national-plans/nationalnutrition-plan-honduras-2022

Advocacy and communications framework/plan

SUN networks in-country presence

- SUN Civil Society Network
- SUN Business Network
- UN-Nutrition
- SUN Academia Network
- SUN Donor Network
- Others: e.g. youth, parliamentarian, media

Finance for nutrition

- Resource mobilization strategy exists
- Budget tracking exercise done this year
- Funding gaps identified this year
- Domestic expenditures on nutrition tracked

Yes In process No Costed M&E framework

COUNTRY PRIORITIES 2023

Place nutrition on the agenda, in public policies and in governance; Generate information systems for decision-making; Retrieve good practices in resource management and international cooperation to carry out joint actions.

2022 SHARED COUNTRY GOOD PRACTICE

- Topic: Alignment of stakeholders
- Title: EUROSAN DeL
- About: Collaboration between international cooperation organisations, civil society, academia and the government to improve nutrition in 39 municipalities; improvement of the capacity of the national and local government, knowledge management, and oversight.

PROGRESS TOWARDS SUN 3.0 STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES (SO)

\rightarrow SO.1 Strengthen and sustain strong policy and advocacy environments

In 2022, the transition process of new authorities was somewhat slow and entailed an institutional reform of government, which ultimately remodelled the institutional structure. This situation caused a delay in managing the promotion, especially in the implementation of the FNS Policy.

ightarrow SO.2 Develop and align shared country priorities for action

The focal points of the UTSAN involved scaling the good practices developed in previous years to new territories, continuing with the process of developing the capacities of the new institutional staff, and continuing with the management of resources and the development of resource alignment tools in various areas of the country (EUROSAN DeL, PROOccidente, Avanzando en nutrición, among others).

SO.3 Build and strengthen country capacity

This year, it has been developed with the support of the SUN Movement Secretariat by means of technical assistance given to the workshop for the development of capacities to determine the nutrition budget. Additionally, with the support of municipal associations, the University of San Carlos de Guatemala and PROGRESAN-SICA, a Diploma in Food and Nutrition Security was developed to strengthen the institutional and partnership capacities of municipalities and councils nationwide.

→ SO.4 Ensure governance of SUN that promotes country leadership and responsibilities of government, aligns the resources of all SUN Movement stakeholders behind country priorities and strengthens 360 mutual accountability

In 2022, the transition process of new authorities was somewhat slow and entailed an institutional reform of government, which ultimately remodelled the institutional structure. This situation caused a delay in managing the promotion of nutrition-related leadership and institutional responsibilities.