Bringing people together into a shared space for action
Ensuring a coherent policy and legal framework
Aligning actions around common results
Financing tracking and resource mobilisation

INSTITUTIONAL TRANSFORMATIONS 2018–2019

2019–2020 PRIORITIES
• Improve the coordination of food and nutrition stakeholders at all levels;
• Finalise and utilise the findings from the baseline survey that was conducted;
• Conduct regular monitoring and evaluation of Food Security and Nutrition activities.

SBNMOZ secured funds for the implementation of its strategy until 2020 and also undertook fundraising initiatives to respond to specific issues such as the cyclones. SBNMOZ developed a roadmap to assist the recovery of the food systems after natural disasters.

UN Network contributed to a TOR to develop a Mozambique Nutrition Financial Tracking, Budgeting and Resource Mobilization Framework. This is supported through Nutrition International.

National Council for Food Security and Nutrition (CONSAN) is now operational. Two meetings were convened and led by the Prime Minister of Mozambique who is the president of this council.

Council of Ministers approved the decree to re-define the work of CONSAN, a step towards operationalising it at provincial (COPSAN) and district level (CODSAN).

Technical Working Group of the 2010-2020 Programme for the Reduction of Chronic Undernutrition (GT-PAMRDC) was consolidated at provincial and district levels.

National Strategy for Food Security and Nutrition (EESAN) III was formulated.

With ESAN III and CONSAN in place, Mozambique now has a coherent and legal framework in place. WFP, UNICEF, FAO and WHO contributed to development of ESAN with technical input.

Overall policy, strategies and legal framework on nutrition are favourable for the collaboration and development of coordinated interventions, including the SUN Business Network to further engage in the nutrition agenda.

The SUN Civil Society Network is participating actively in the Working Group for the National Action Plan for the Reduction of Chronic Malnutrition (GT-PAMRDC) and at the Nutrition Partners Forum.

Through the Nutrition Partners Forum, different nutrition stakeholders share plans and identify potential synergies for collaboration and implementation.

All UN agencies support the actualization of the ESAN III and the PAMRDC. Each agency is active at the policy and programmatic levels. There are two joint programmes of the UN that were implemented during the reporting period to further support national policy and priorities: Lean season nutrition response and resilience building in Mozambique.

UN Network contributed to a TOR to develop a Mozambique Nutrition Financial Tracking, Budgeting and Resource Mobilization Framework. This is supported through Nutrition International.

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2019 TOTAL WEIGHTED

Mozambique

Under five stunting (%)
Under five wasting (%)
Low birth weight (%)
0-5 months old exclusive breastfeeding (%)

Anaemia in women 15-49 years (%)
Adolescent overweight/obesity (%)
Adult overweight (%)
Adult obesity (%)
Adult diabetes (%)

Population: 30.37 million
Joined: August 2011

Under five stunting (%) 42.9
Under five wasting (%) 6.1
Low birth weight (%) 13.8
0-5 months old exclusive breastfeeding (%) 41.0
Anaemia in women 15-49 years (%) 51.0
Adolescent overweight/obesity (%) 15.3
Adult overweight (%) 3.4
Adult obesity (%) 11.0
Adult diabetes (%) 6.6

Adult overweight (%) 63%
Adult obesity (%) 11%
Adult diabetes (%) 6.2

2019 40% 57%